SELECTIVE PORTFOLIO

FIRST HALF REVIEW 2020

FIM CAPITAL

Average annualised 3-year dividend growth of -4.2% with an average yield of 2.86%

The Selective Portfolio, which has a focus on FTSE 100 constituents, declined by 15.27% during the first six months of 2020, whilst UK equities fell by 17.43%. Since launch in 2012, the portfolio has delivered an annualised return of 5.20%, which is marginally ahead of the 5.91% return for UK equites.

The impact of Covid-19 has been felt the world over, and the lessons learnt from these recent events will result in changes across all elements of society. These changes will come in many forms and occur over varying degrees of time, but it's ultimately too early to draw conclusions other than to look at the evidence that has already accumulated. Interest rates have been cut and it is estimated that $12,000bn of bonds worldwide offer a negative return if held to maturity. The combined balance sheets of the Federal Reserve, European Central Bank and Bank of Japan have swelled by a third over three months and are up eightfold since the period prior to the global financial crisis. Quantitative easing has become a lifeline that keeps capitalism afloat, as the Federal Reserve alone embarks on a program to buy $750bn of investment grade debt. Whilst this is effective at keeping borrowing costs low, which is vital for struggling business, it also causes asset price inflation and allows otherwise defunct companies to survive, thus adding to the inefficiencies within the global economy. Enhanced unemployment benefits and government funded furloughing schemes may provide a temporary respite, but unless people can find jobs the social consequences could be grave, especially if politics gyrate to extremes. Meanwhile, the pressures to address climate change remain and the threat of a trade war with China, and everything that goes along with it, continues to escalate. This is increasingly becoming a stock pickers market, but until some of the variables diminish it's too early to consider significant change. We have a proven investment strategy of seeking niche dividend growers, but have temporarily put on hold our policy of selling those that fall short of this requirement given the exceptional conditions. This is not because we have lost faith in our approach, but simply because it was never designed to be pandemic proof. As the shock waves recede, the focus will move on to the economic aftershocks, which should then present us with new opportunities as behaviours start to change.

This was period of two distinct halves and the range of returns across the portfolio was considerable. Over the full six-month term four stocks made good progress whilst ten declined. Just five stocks suspended dividend payments whilst seven carried on pursuing a policy of dividend growth. SSE also declared a reduced payment, but this had been signalled well over a year ago, as the business was restructured and a re-basing was therefore required. Whitbread announced the only rights issue, plugging the gap made from lost revenue and also placing it in a strong position to take advantage of the headwinds that many of its leveraged competitors would now be facing. Indeed, the company has built up a track record of taking market share at times of stress across the sector. The biggest surprise came from Royal Dutch Shell, which announced its first dividend cut since the second war as both the oil price and economic slump took their toll. With hindsight, the Board's commitment to the dividend over recent years may have come about as a result of income hungry institutions putting pressure on management. This was happening at a time when the company should have been making a greater commitment towards green energy solutions, so now the additional headroom will provide additional capital to speed up the transition.

In terms of returns, it's not surprising to see Halma, Croda International and Unilever all make progress during this testing time as they all have resilient business models. However, it was surprising to see Bunzl join this elite group and slightly disappointing it did not include Intertek, which fell by a modest 5.77%. At the other end of the scale Whitbread declined by 46.63% and Royal Dutch Shell 43.71%. All the stocks were in negative territory over the first part of the period when concerns were at their deepest, with Direct Line, SSE, Unilever and Halma lending the most support. In the case of the latter, this is one of the original members of the portfolio and was bought at a time when the name was little known and, as such, its rating was modest. It is now the most expensive stock in the portfolio and many of the more active traders would have long since sold out, which stands in contrast to our ideal holding period of forever on the condition that fundamentals remain strong. It is for this reason our first investors have achieved a gain of well over 400% through their holding in Halma. The Selective Portfolio is well placed for the future, with good exposure to growth and value stocks, and a cluster of holdings that occupy the middle ground between the two.

We sold Micro Focus during the period in favour of a position in Smurfit Kappa. Whilst the latter cut its dividend as a result of Covid-19, it does not accurately reflect the strength of the company's business model, which will be further supported by growing e-commerce demand and emphasis on sustainability. Smurfit Kappa is able to cater to both with its vertically integrated supply chain of corrugated paper packaging.

Total Return since inception

31st December 2011 to 30th June 2020

Portfolio Performance

(Total Return ex. Charges)

	Selective	UK Equities
6 Months	-15.27%	-17.43%
1 year	-13.21%	-12.93%
3 years*	-2.08%	-1.56%
5 years*	1.32%	2.87%
Inception	53.80%	62.93%
*Annualised	5.20%	5.91%

Avg. Yield **2.86%**

Stock Performance (Total Return)

31st December 2019 - 30th June 2020

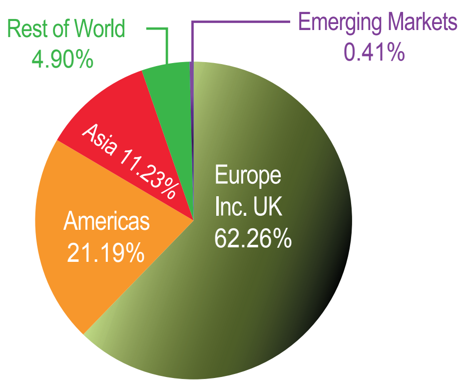
Top three

Halma	8.84%
Bunzl	4.89%
Croda	3.80%

Bottom three

Derwent London	-29.63%
Royal Dutch Shell B	-43.71%
Whitbread	-46.63%

Geographic spread (Revenues)



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Associated British Foods plc Founded 1935 - Market Cap (Millions) £16,047.24 - Dividend payments in January and July

Half year results to 29th February 2020 • Revenue increased by 2% to £7,646m and adjusted profit before tax increased by 1% to £636m. • Primark's Eurozone performance was particularly encouraging, with increased like-for-like sales in France and Italy and an improved like-for-like sales trend in Northern Europe. Increased UK market share. • Grocery businesses continued to progress with 13% adjusted operating profit growth and improved margins.• All Primark stores were closed from 11th March due to Covid-19, resulting in a loss of sales of approximately £650m for every month that all stores were closed. • Maintained production of all food business facilities, despite challenges relating to Covid-19. Grocery operating profit will be ahead of previous expectations due to stronger sales of branded products. **'Although uncertainty remains, we have the people and the cash resources to meet the challenges ahead.' – George Weston, CEO** **No interim dividend was declared.**

BUNZL Founded 1854 - Market Cap (Millions) £7,451.27 - Dividend payments in January and July

Full year results to 31st December 2019 • Revenues increased by 2.7% to £9,326.7m and pre-tax profit grew by 6.7% to $453.3m. • North America (59% of sales) revenues down 0.1% due to lower sales to its largest grocery customer. Continental Europe (20%) sales up 3% with good performance in the Netherlands, Spain and Turkey. UK & Ireland (13%) sales down 1.7% after a 2018 disposal, with good cleaning & hygiene performance. • Strong Q1 performance with revenue growth of 4.5%. The cleaning, hygiene and safety sectors are expected to see mixed growth, whilst sectors such as grocery and healthcare are expected to deliver robust performance.• Designated a critical supplier by governments around the world.
'Bunzl has a strong balance sheet with significant financial capacity and acquisitions remain a key element of our strategy.' – Frank van Kanten, CEO **No final dividend was declared.**

CRODA Founded 1925 - Market Cap (Millions) £6,720.26 - Dividend payments in May and October

Full year results 31st December 2019 • Revenues down 0.2% to £1,265.9m, reflecting difficult market conditions in Personal Care and Performance Technologies, with trade headwinds impacting the North America and North Asia markets. • Strong performance in Life Sciences, driven by Healthcare and Crop Protection, with some weakness in industrial markets impacting the Technologies division. • All 19 of its main manufacturing facilities remained open during the Covid-19 pandemic, reflecting their position as critical suppliers to a number of industries despite some restriction in India and Singapore. • Strong balance sheet with no debt maturing before 2023. Funding available of £1,076bn with undrawn committed facilities of £457m, and £91m in cash. Net debt to EBITDA of 1.4x (versus 3.5x covenant). **'The combination of a healthy innovation pipeline, recent investments, cost saving benefits and a robust business model is expected to underpin performance.' -Steve Foots, CEO** **Increased Final dividend by 0.60% to 50.5p**

DERWENT LONDON Founded 1913 - Market Cap (Millions) £3,241.98 - Dividend payments in June and October

Full year results to 31st December 2019 • NAV increased by 4.8% to 39.58p, with net rental income up 10.5% to £178.0m. • Delivered total property return of 7.4%, compared with their benchmark index of 4.1% • Brought forward net zero carbon target by 20 years to 2030, signed the Better Building Partnership's climate change commitment and became one of the Mayor of London's 11 Business Climate leaders.• With a LTV of c16% and no debt maturities until 2022, the REIT could withstand a fall in value of c70% and a drop in income of similar magnitude before covenants are breached. EPRA vacancy rate of 1.0%.• All employees below the board remained on full salaries and benefits, with none being furloughed.
'Derwent London is well placed to meet its commitments to invest in its longer-term objectives and to balance its stakeholder responsibilities.' – Paul Williams, CEO **Increased Final dividend by 10.05% to 51.45p**

direct line Founded 1985 - Market Cap (Millions) £3,741.60 - Dividend payments in May and September

Full year results to 31st December 2019 • Gross written premiums declined by 1.9% to £3,203.1m, with a combined operating ratio of 92.2%, compared with 91.6% previously. • Darwin, an AI based platform targeting customers who mainly buy through price comparison websites by utilising a smart pricing system to provide a price based on the individual, has gone live on Confused.com.• Well capitalised, with an estimated solvency capital ratio of 177%, which is at the upper end of their 140%-180% risk appetite range. • Strong first quarter, with gross written premiums up 4.7% to £789.6m, driven by positive Motor performance (+6.2%) along with continued growth in Green Flag (+11.3%) and Commercial (+10.1%).• Halted its £150m share buyback programme and dividend payment. **'We are a strong business with a clear strategy and operational momentum.' – Penny James, CEO**
No interim dividend was declared.

HALMA Founded 1894 - Market Cap (Millions) £8,682.49 - Dividend payments in February and August

Trading statement for 1st October 2019 to 19th March 2020 • Strong growth in USA and Asia Pacific, with each benefitting from recent acquisitions. Good growth in UK and more moderate growth in Europe. • Producing critical components in safety and healthcare, 41 of 43 of its businesses operated through Covid-19. • Whilst fall in oil price will impact demand for the safety equipment on oil rigs, this should be more than offset by increased demand in the health care sector.• Strong year for acquisitions, with ten completed across all four sectors for an initial consideration of £227m. • Order intake ahead of revenue and ahead of same period a year prior.• Robust financial position with committed facilities of about £750m; 60% of which are drawn.**'Our agile business model, strong positions in markets with long-term growth drivers... ensure that we will perform relatively resiliently in the short term and be well positioned to resume growth as markets recover' -Andrew Williams, CEO** **Increased interim dividend by 7.04% to 6.54p**

intertek Total Quality. Assured. Founded 1996 - Market Cap (Millions) £8,815.29 - Dividend payments in June and October

Full year results to 31st December 2019 • Revenue increased by 6.8% to £2,987m, with the operating profit increasing by 6.5% to £513.3m. EPS increased by 6.8% to 211.7p. Fifth consecutive year of revenue, EPS and cash progression.• Each segment delivered revenue growth over the year. Resources (17.1% of group sales) increased revenue by 6.7%, Trade (22.75%) revenue grew by 5.8%, and Products (60.15%) revenue grew by 6.9%.• Net debt fell by 19% to £629.4m and net debt/EBITDA fell to 1x, compared with 1.4x previously. • Well placed to benefit from the increased needs of employees, consumers and governments for Health, Safety and Wellbeing Assurance solutions, creating additional growth for the Global Quality Assurance market.
'Notwithstanding the impact of the pandemic, I am confident in our ability to navigate what will be a challenging 2020.' – André Lacroix, CEO
Increased Final dividend by 6.55% to 71.6p

Legal & General — Founded 1836 - Market Cap (Millions) £13,108.41 - Dividend payments in June and September

Full year results to 31st December 2019 • Operating profit increased by 12% to £2.1bn, with EPS iincreasing by 16% to 28.6p.• Pension risk transfer sales grew by 25.3% to £11.4bn. Individual annuity sales increased by 22% to £11.4bn.• LGR operating profit grew 26.8% to £1.4bn, reflecting growth in the institutional and retail businesses.• LGIM operating profit grew 3.9% to £423m, reflecting a 17.8% increase in AUM to £1,196bn.• LGC, which looks after the group's own investments, experienced a 12.7% increase in profits to £363m due to increased investment in direct real assets (housing). • Received planning consent for a 154-home scheme for the first full modular housing development to be delivered by Legal & General, to be based in Yorkshire. Aiming to make 3,000 homes by 2024. **'Our five growing, profitable and increasingly international businesses compete in attractive, growing markets and work together to deliver economical and socially useful customer solutions.' -Nigel Wilson, CEO** **Increased Final dividend by 6.94% to 12.64p**

Sage — Founded 1981 - Market Cap (Millions) £7,215.17 - Dividend payments in March and June

Half year results to 31st March 2020 • Revenue increased by 5.7% to £935m, reflecting a 10% increase in organic recurring revenue to £826m.
• Primary growth driver was a 25.6% increase in software subscription revenue, performing particularly well in Northern Europe and North America.
• Revenue growth partially offset by a 19.6% decline in other revenue (SSRS and processing) to £109n, which is in line with strategy of attracting new customers and migrating existing customers to subscription services.• Company maintains a strong balance sheet, with £1.3bn of cash and available liquidity, with a healthy level of debt which accounts for 0.5x EBITDA. **'Despite the near-term uncertainties, I believe our continuing investment into Sage Business Cloud, together with our focus on customers, colleagues and innovation, form a strong base for future performance of Sage.' -Steve Hare, CEO** **Increased Interim dividend by 2.49% to 11.12p**

Shell — Founded 1907 - Market Cap (Millions) £98,756.90 - Dividend payments in March, June, September & December

Full year results to 31st December 2019 • Earnings down 23% to $16,462m, reflecting lower realised oil, gas and LNG prices and weaker realised refining and chemicals margins.• Predicts that slowdown in additional global LNG supplies will be temporary, given that a record amount of new capacity was committed to in 2019, when investment decisions were taken on 71m tons of new supply.• Cited strong liquidity in its first quarter update, signing a new $12bn credit facility in addition to an existing $10bn facility and another $20bn in cash and quasi-cash. • The largest global energy group with a net-zero emissions target (2050), with new measures to reduce its carbon footprint despite huge financial pressures from the pandemic and oil price collapse.**'The strength of Shell's strategy and portfolio has enabled delivery of competitive cash flow performance in 2019 despite challenging macroeconomic conditions in refining and chemicals as well as lower oil and gas prices.' – Ben van Beurden, CEO** **Decreased H2 dividend by -32.68% to 49.08p**

SSE — Founded 1998 - Market Cap (Millions) £14,152.02 - Dividend payments in March and September

Full year results to 31st March 2020 • Adjusted operating profit up 37% to £1,488.4m, despite a negative coronavirus impact of £18.2m related to electricity demand. Adjusted EPS up 35% to 83.6p, at lower range of 83p-88p guided range.• Plans to secure value from disposals of at least £2bn by the autumn of 2021.• Investing new capital and investment of approximately £7.5bn in the next five years, with a focus on core strategic decarbonisation projects. This includes planned investment in 443MW Viking onshore wind farm.• Introduced a new target to cut carbon intensity of electricity generation by 60% by 2030.• Expects total impact on operating profit from Covid-19 to be between £150-250m before mitigation.
'Climate change remains a critical issue and we see significant opportunities to create sustainable value for shareholders and society.' – Richard Gillingwater, Chairman **Decreased Interim dividend by -17.89% to 56p**

Smurfit Kappa — Founded 2005 - Market Cap (Millions) £6,107.30 - Dividend payments in May and October

Full year results to 31st December 2019 • Revenue increased by 1% to €9,048m, with pre-tax profit swinging to a positive €677m after the previous year's losses incurred by the write-down of the company's Venezuelan business. • EBITDA increased by 7% to €1,650m, with the earnings margin expanding to 18.2% from 17.3% previously. • Increased geography by further acquisitions in 2019 in Bulgaria, Serbia and France.• Benefit from what it describes as a "megatrend" towards the demand for recyclable products to which it has invested heavily in recent years, with the result that 100% of its raw materials are sourced sustainably.
• Europe's largest box-maker with 18% of market share and a market leader in Latin America, so it should continue to benefit from the ongoing trend towards e-commerce, gradually taking share from smaller rivals. **'While the full extent and effects of the macro and economic risks brought on by COVID-19, SKG remains very well positioned both financially and operationally.' – Tony Smurfit, CEO** **Suspended previously announced final dividend**

Unilever — Founded 1930 - Market Cap (Millions) £113,327.49 - Dividend payments in March, June, September & December

Full year results to 31st December 2019 • Underlying Sales Growth of 2.9% falls marginally short of 3-5% target, owing to Q4 slowdown. Growth was driven primarily by Home Care, where sales grew by 6.1%.• Announced a full strategic review of the tea business since, in developed markets, tea now has a long track record of being dilutive to growth and margin over the long term.• First quarter sales growth was flat, with a 2.8% increase in developed markets offset by a 1.8% decline in emerging markets. New capacity added in hand hygiene and food, where demand experienced the most uplift.
• Announced the unification of its two separate legal structures under Unilever PLC, headquartered in London, forming part of the company's strategic review of its tea business. **'Our portfolio, our financial stability and the quality of our leadership teams around the world mean that Unilever is well-positioned during this crisis and for the changing world that will come after us.' – Alan Jope, CEO** **Maintained Interim dividend at €0.4104**

WHITBREAD — Founded 1742 - Market Cap (Millions) £4,813.70 - Dividend payments in July and December

Full year results to 27th February 2020 • Revenue increased by 1.1% to £2,702m, supported by new capacity and improvements in H2 performance, despite weaker market conditions.• Premier Inn customer scores continued to improve demonstrating best-in-class operational performance.
• All rents were paid in full during the pandemic, whilst every customer, regardless of booking conditions, were given a refund. It's delivery fleet was also used to support food deliveries to the vulnerable.• Accelerated network growth in Germany, with a committed pipeline of 9,800 rooms across 52 hotels.
• Raised £1bn via a rights issue to support the balance sheet and reinforce plans in the UK and Germany.
'When the COVID-19 situation passes, we will be in a position of strength to continue to increase market share, support our colleagues and guests and create further significant value for shareholders.' – Alison Brittain, CEO **No final dividend was declared.**

Price Return - Dividends and Growth

	H1 2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	Annualised	Yield
AB Foods	(26.29%)	27.17%	(27.55%)	2.73%	(17.86%)	5.99%	28.96%	56.33%	41.28%	(6.27%)	43.67%	11.58%	1.66%
	34.30p	45.35p	41.35p	37.80p	35.30p	34.30p	32.35p	29.35p	25.35p	24.10p	21.70p		
		9.67%	9.39%	7.08%	2.92%	6.03%	10.22%	15.78%	5.19%	11.06%	6.37%	8.32%	
Bunzl	4.89%	(12.83%)	14.33%	(1.75%)	11.88%	6.86%	21.66%	43.71%	14.14%	22.95%	6.52%	11.24%	0.70%
	15.50p	50.20p	46.00p	42.00p	38.00p	35.50p	32.40p	28.20p	26.35p	23.35p	21.55p		
		9.13%	9.52%	10.53%	7.04%	9.57%	14.89%	7.02%	12.85%	8.35%	4.61%	9.32%	
Croda	2.66%	6.68%	5.90%	38.42%	1.44%	14.27%	8.34%	3.41%	31.71%	11.63%	102.00%	18.67%	1.71%
	50.50p	88.50p	84.00p	76.25p	70.75p	67.00p	65.00p	61.75p	57.00p	50.00p	24.75p		
		5.36%	10.16%	7.77%	5.60%	3.08%	5.26%	8.33%	14.00%	102.02%	23.44%	16.01%	
Special Dividends		115.00p			100.00p								
Derwent London	(30.77)	40.55%	(8.50%)	12.48%	(24.51%)	21.67%	20.96%	18.47%	35.00%	(0.06%)	18.26%	11.16%	2.49%
	51.45p	67.75p	61.50p	55.83p	44.66p	40.60p	37.40p	34.50p	31.85p	29.75p	27.60p		
		10.16%	10.16%	25.01%	10.00%	8.56%	8.41%	8.32%	7.06%	7.79%	12.65%	10.71%	
Special Dividends			75.00p	52.00p									
Direct Line Group	(13.28%)	(1.95%)	(16.51%)	3.33%	(9.35%)	28.23%	16.71%	15.34%	23.66%				2.61%
		21.20p	20.60p	16.50p	14.10p	13.40p	12.80p	12.20p					
			24.85%	17.02%	5.22%	4.69%	4.92%					11.05%	
Special Dividends		8.30p	15.00p		18.80p	31.50p	14.00p	4.00p					
Halma	8.84%	55.13%	8.25%	40.39%	3.76%	25.82%	13.92%	31.37%	39.04%	(7.97%)	47.74%	22.89%	0.70%
	6.54p	15.71p	14.68p	13.71p	12.81p	11.96p	11.17p	10.43p	9.74p	9.10p	8.50p		
		7.02%	7.08%	7.03%	7.11%	7.07%	7.09%	7.08%	7.03%	7.06%	7.19%	7.08%	
Intertek	(7.04%)	21.92%	(7.51%)	49.10%	25.35%	18.98%	(25.86%)	1.58%	52.29%	14.65%	41.43%	15.79%	1.93%
	71.60p	101.40p	79.70p	66.50p	54.70p	50.10p	47.00p	43.00p	36.00p	29.50p	26.60p		
		27.23%	19.85%	21.57%	9.18%	6.60%	9.30%	19.44%	22.03%	10.90%	21.46%	16.56%	
Legal & General	(27.10%)	31.17%	(15.48%)	10.38%	(7.54%)	7.72%	11.63%	52.95%	41.63%	6.25%	20.04%	13.44%	7.84%
	17.57p	16.42p	15.35p	14.35p	13.40p	11.25p	9.30p	7.65p	6.40p	4.75p	3.84p		
	7.00%	6.97%	6.97%	7.09%	19.11%	20.97%	21.57%	19.53%	34.74%	23.70%	(5.42%)	14.25%	
Smurfit Kappa	(8.22%)	40.25%	(16.95%)	33.07%	8.29%	20.44%	(3.00%)	106.68%	84.53%	(37.61%)	11.93%	17.05%	0.97%
	€ 0.28	€ 0.98	€ 0.88	€ 0.80	€ 0.68	€ 0.68	€ 0.55	€ 0.41	€ 0.28	€ 0.15	€ - p		
		11.42%	10.05%	17.06%	0.00%	22.74%	35.12%	46.43%	86.67%			26.38%	
Special Dividends													
Royal Dutch Shell B	(45.34%)	(4.29%)	(6.72%)	6.56%	52.56%	(30.90%)	(2.06%)	4.83%	(11.37%)	16.03%	16.75%	2.04%	4.10%
	49.08p	146.65p	142.36p	147.06p	138.19p	123.94p	114.16p	113.96p	108.60p	104.41p	107.34p		
		3.01%	(3.20%)	6.42%	11.50%	8.57%	0.18%	4.94%	4.01%	(2.73%)	(0.48%)	3.12%	
Sage	(10.31%)	24.54%	(24.64%)	21.83%	8.53%	29.59%	15.36%	30.40%	0.03%	7.61%	24.27%	11.83%	2.55%
	5.93p	16.91p	16.50p	15.42p	14.15p	13.10p	12.12p	11.13p	10.15p	9.75p	7.80p		
		2.48%	7.00%	8.98%	8.02%	8.09%	8.89%	9.66%	4.10%	25.00%	4.98%	8.57%	
Special Dividends								17.10p					
SSE	(5.14%)	33.01%	(18.07%)	(15.00%)	1.64%	(5.80%)	18.39%	(3.39%)	9.84%	5.39%	5.51%	2.06%	5.89%
	80p	97.5p	94.7p	91.3p	89.4p	88.4p	86.7p	84.2p	80.1p	75p	70p		
	(17.95%)	2.96%	3.72%	2.13%	1.13%	1.96%	2.97%	5.12%	6.80%	7.14%	6.06%	1.76%	
Unilever	0.10%	5.89%	(0.41%)	25.30%	12.51%	11.36%	5.88%	4.90%	9.39%	10.19%	(1.55%)	7.71%	3.32%
	€0.82	€1.64	€1.55	€1.43	€1.28	€1.19	€1.12	€1.05	€0.95	€0.88	€0.82		
		5.99%	8.01%	12.00%	7.51%	5.96%	7.05%	10.06%	8.04%	7.81%	5.00%	7.73%	
Whitbread	(46.63%)	5.83%	14.48%	5.93%	(14.20%)	(7.74%)	27.17%	53.29%	56.46%	(12.63%)	26.86%	12.47%	2.05%
	32.65p	99.65p	101.15p	95.80p	90.35p	82.15p	68.80p	57.40p	51.25p	44.50p	38.00p		
		(1.48%)	5.58%	6.03%	9.98%	19.40%	19.86%	12.00%	15.17%	17.11%	3.97%	10.55%	

Edited by Michael Craine